## Equivalent User Table

The following equivalent user factors will be used to assess tap-in fees. For purposes of this table, an equivalent user is defined as that quantity of water consumed or wastewater discharged from an ordinary single family dwelling. In computing charges for commercial, industrial, or multiple residences, the number of units for which charges are made shall be determined from the following equivalent user factors. Where square footage is used in the calculation of equivalent users, it shall mean the entire square footage inside the building. When the use of a building changes the number of equivalent users for the new use, a supplemental tap-in fee will be assessed for the increased use.

| USER | UNIT FACTOR |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Auto Dealers* | 0.20 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Auto Repair/Collision - Body Shops* | 0.20 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Auto Tire Service Center/Shops* | 0.35 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Banks* | 0.12 | per employee |
| Banquet Halls | 1.8 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Barber Shops | 1.00 | per shop plus 0.1 per chair after 2 |
| Bars (including bars within restaurants) | 4.00 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Beauty Shops* | 0.38 | per hair booth, 0.3 per mani/pedi <br> station, and 0.3 per spa room |
| Bed \& Breakfast Establishments | 1.0 | per building plus 0.2 per guest <br> room |
| Boarding Houses | 1.00 | per building plus 0.2 per <br> bedroom |
| Boarding Schools | 0.27 | per bed |
| Bowling Alleys (w/o bars or lunch) | 0.16 | per alley |
| Bowling Alleys (with bar and/or lunch) | 0.60 | per alley |
| Car Washes (production line w/o recycle)* | 48.3 | per production line |
| Car Washes (production line with recycle)* | 25.2 | per production line |
| Car Washes (self-service)* | 2.5 | per stall |
| Car Washes (automatic, no conveyor)* | 10.6 | per stall |
| Child Care Centers* | 0.45 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Churches* | 0.13 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Cleaners (pick-up only)* | 1.00 | per shop |
| Cleaners (pressing facilities)* | 1.4 | per press |
| Urgent Care / Medical Clinics* | 0.27 | per doctor |
| Convalescent Homes | 1.00 | per premise plus 0.5 per bedroom |
| Convents | 1.0 | per premise plus 0.25 per <br> bedroom |
| Country Clubs \& Athletic Clubs* | 0.55 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Dentists* | 1.3 | per dentist |
| Doctor's Offices* | 0.6 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Drug Stores* | 0.1 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
|  |  |  |


| Fire Stations | 0.20 | per stationed firefighter/24 hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fire Stations (volunteer) | 1.00 | per premise |
| Florists | 1.10 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Fraternal Organizations (members only) | 1.00 | per hall |
| Fraternal Organizations (members/rentals)* | 0.3 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Funeral Homes | 1.50 | per 1,000 sq. ft. plus residence |
| Garden Centers (nursery) | 1.0 | per premise plus 0.5 per employee |
| Government Offices* | 0.15 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Grocery Stores \& Markets* | 0.26 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Hospitals | 1.09 | per bed |
| Hotels \& Motels (private baths)* | 0.38 | per bedroom |
| Industrial Building/Factories (exclusive of wet process and industrial flow)* | 0.13 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Laundromats (self service) | 0.54 | per washer |
| Lumber Yards | 1.00 | per each 15 employees |
| Mobile Homes | 1.00 | per pad |
| Multiple Family Residences | 1.00 | per dwelling unit |
| Office Buildings* | 0.14 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Pet Shops | 1.10 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Physical Therapy Centers* | 1.5 | per premise |
| Pool Halls | 0.10 | per table |
| Post Offices | 1.00 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Print Shops* | 0.06 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Public Institutions (other than hospitals) | 0.75 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Research \& Testing Laboratories | 0.75 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Restaurants (coffee shop)* | 2.6 | per premise |
| Restaurants (fast food, including drive thru \& primary drink service)* | 7.5 | per premise |
| Restaurants (w/liquor license)* | 4.0 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Restaurants (meals w/service \& dishes)* | 2.4 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Restaurants (take out)* | 1.0 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Retail Stores* | 0.20 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Rooming Houses (no meals) | 0.25 | per room |
| Schools (w/o showers and/or pool)* | 0.37 | per classroom |
| Schools (with showers and/or pool)* | 0.8 | per classroom |
| Senior Citizen Apartments* | 0.31 | per apartment |
| Service Stations - gas service | 0.50 | per pump |
| Service Stations - with auto repair | 1.00 | per premise plus 0.15 per stall |
| Service Stations - with mini mart* | 2.0 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Skating Rinks | 0.40 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Snack Bars (drive-in) | 2.50 | per $1,000 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. |
| Swimming Pools | 3.00 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |
| Single Family Residences | 1.00 | per residence |
| Stores (other than specifically listed) | 0.25 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |


| Tanning Salons, Nail Salons, <br> Tattoo Parlors* | 1.1 | per shop |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Tennis Clubs | 0.08 | per member |
| Tennis or Handball (indoor club) | 0.50 | per court |
| Theaters (drive-in) | 0.03 | per car space |
| Theaters | 0.01 | per seat |
| Tourist Courts (individual bath units) | 0.27 | per cubicle |
| Trailer Parks (central bath units) | 0.40 | per trailer |
| Veterinary Facilities* | 1.00 | per veterinarian |
| Veterinary Facilities with kennel | 1.50 | per facility plus 0.1 per kennel |
| Warehouse \& Storage* | 0.05 | per 1,000 sq. ft. |

* Items marked with an asterisk were either added or updated based on studies of actual usage statistics performed in 2013.

Where building size and number of employees are both known, the equivalent water factors shall be based on the highest projected flow factor.

Classifications not specifically listed shall be assigned values as determined by the Township, but no facility shall be assigned less than one unit. The methodology used to calculate REU's shall be as set forth in the attached Appendix.

Where multiple businesses exist at one location (shopping centers, hotels with restaurant and or bar facilities, etc.) the various businesses will be combined for equivalents.

In cases of expansion or change of existing water/sewer uses, connection fees shall be levied in accordance with the current connection fee schedule based upon the difference in the current and expanded or changed use.

In cases where an application for water and/or sewer service has been made for property which is contiguous to an existing water and/or sewer special assessment district such water and or sewer service may be granted only after the following fees have been paid:

1. All Connection Fees.
2. An up-front lump-sum capital charge equivalent to the pro-rata share of what would have been the property's assessment costs if the property were in the district, for the remaining term of the assessment. The capital charge will be placed in the debt service fund for future debt service payments on the special assessment.

## APPENDIX <br> Recommended Methodology for Calculating the REUs For a Commercial User Not Listed

## Step 1 - Obtain Water Usage Data from Similar Facilities in Other Municipalities

Obtain actual usage data from similar facilities in other municipalities. A minimum of 3 facilities should be evaluated. Request the following information for each facility:

- The number of gallons used over a time period, for instance $x x x x$ gallons used over 90 days. A minimum of 1 year's worth of data should be obtained, split into quarters.
- Data should be from well-established businesses to reflect maximum possible water usage
- Meter reads should cover a maximum interval of 90 days (quarterly).
- The size of the building
- If deemed more relevant, the number of employees or some other common unit factor can be used


## Step 2 - Determine Average Day Usage During the Peak Quarter (Exclusive of Irrigation)

For each facility in which actual usage data is obtained, determine the highest quarterly total flow in gallons.

Note - Irrigation should be excluded from this number, so if the summer months show a higher usage do not use this data.

From the peak quarterly data determine the average day usage by dividing the total flow (in gallons) from the highest quarter by the number of days in the billing cycle.

## Step 3 - Determine the Building Usage in REUs

Per the August 2013 MHOG study of average residential usage within in the MHOG system assume 1 REU = 218 gallons/day (gpd)

Building Usage in REUs = Average Day Usage (from Step 2)/218

## Step 4 - Calculation of Recommended Unit Factor

Typically the REU Unit Factor is calculated per 1,000 square feet (sf) of building area. If this is the case the recommended Unit Factor = Building Usage REUs (from Step 3)/proposed building square footage/1,000

Use an average of the sites evaluated (minimum of 3) to determine the recommended unit factor for the proposed facility.

## Example:

Auto Parts Supplier:

| STEP | Similar Facilities |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Facility 1: Chattanooga, TN | Facility 2: Lawrence, KS | Facility 3: Little Rock, AK |
| Obtain Water Usage Data | Size: 100,000 sf | Size: 200,000 sf | Size: 180,000 sf |
|  | Usage Data | Usage Data | Usage Data |
|  | Q1: 100,000 | Q1: 180,000 | Q1: 170,000 |
|  | Q2: 151,000 | Q2: 192,000 | Q2: 165,000 |
|  | Q2: 142,000 | Q2: 197,000 | Q2: 177,000 |
|  | Q4: 134,000 | Q4: 184,000 | Q4: 172,000 |
|  | Days: 90 | Days: 90 | Days: 90 |
| 2 <br> Determine Avg. Day Usage for Peak Quarter | $\begin{gathered} \text { Daily Usage = } \\ 151,000 / 90 \\ =1,668 \text { gal. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Daily Usage = } \\ \text { 197,000/90 } \\ =2,189 \text { gal. } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Daily Usage = } \\ \text { 177,000/90 } \\ =1,967 \text { gal. } \end{gathered}$ |
| 3 <br> Determine Building Usage In REUs | $\begin{gathered} \text { Building Usage in REUs } \\ =\text { Step } 2 \text { Result/218 } \\ \text { GPD } \\ 1,668 / 218=7.65 \end{gathered}$ | Building Usage in REUs <br> = Step 2 Result/218 <br> GPD $2,189 / 218=10.04$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Building Usage in REUs } \\ =\text { Step } 2 \text { Result/218 } \\ \text { GPD } \\ 1,967 / 218=9.02 \end{gathered}$ |
| 4 <br> Recommended Unit Factor | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Building REUs/Building } \\ & \text { SF/1,000 } \\ & =7.65 \div(100,000 / 1,000) \\ & =0.08 \text { REU } / 1,000 \mathrm{sf} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Building REUs/Building } \\ \text { SF/1,000 } \\ =10.04 \\ \div(200,000 / 1,000) \\ =0.05 \text { REU } / 1,000 \mathrm{sf} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Building REUs/Building } \\ \text { SF/1,000 } \\ =9.02 \\ \div(180,000 / 1,000) \\ =0.05 \text { REU } / 1,000 \mathrm{sf} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Recommended Factor | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average of } 0.08,0.05 \text {, and } 0.05 \\ & \quad=0.06 \text { REU } / 1,000 \text { sf. } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |

Proposed Howell Facility: 250,000 s.f.
REU Assessment $=0.06$ REU / 1,000 sf $\times 250,000 \mathrm{sf}=\underline{\mathbf{1 5}}$ REUs

